

Planning our National Infrastructure 'Issues and Challenges'

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 - Infrastructure Australia's assessment framework
 - Infrastructure priorities
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 - Challenges posed by our growing cities
 - Challenges posed by an ageing population
- Part Three
 - Implications for Local Government

Australia's national infrastructure challenges

In 2008, Infrastructure Australia identified nine key infrastructure challenges facing Australia:

- 1. Deliver better governance
- 2.Create competitive markets
- 3. One nation, one set of rules
- 4. Better use of existing infrastructure
- 5.Climate change
- 6. Supporting our cities
- 7. Boosting exports
- 8. Supporting Indigenous communities
- 9. Supporting rural communities

Infrastructure Australia's Assessment Framework

Seven critical stages in the assessment framework:

- 1.Goal definition
- 2. Problem identification
- 3. Problem assessment
- 4. Problem analysis
- Option generation
- 6. Solution assessment
- 7. Solution prioritisation

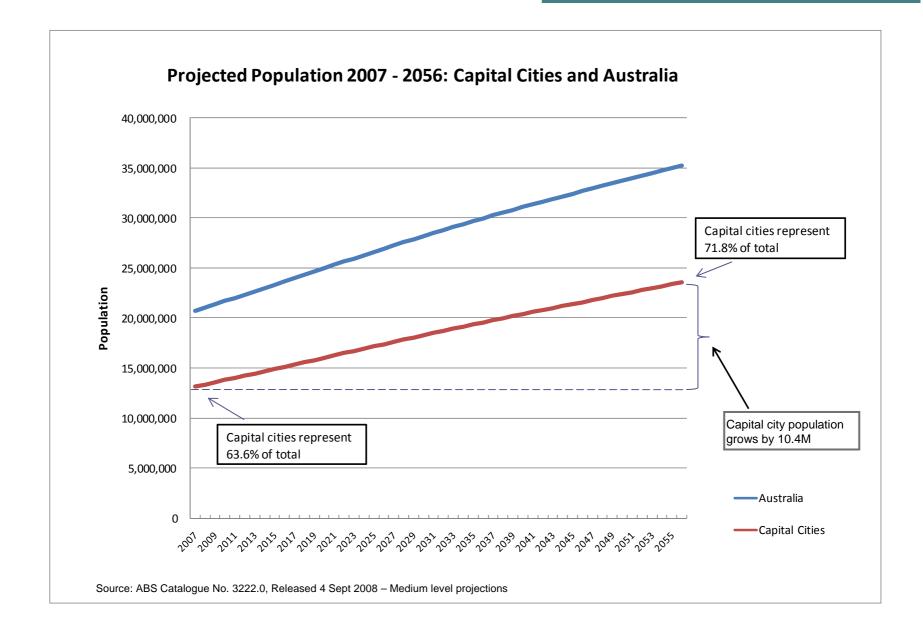


Australia's National Infrastructure Priorities

In response to the challenges, Infrastructure Australia has identified the following priorities

- 1. A national broadband network
- 2. Creation of a true national energy market
- 3. Competitive international gateways
- 4. A national rail freight network
- 5. Transforming our cities
- 6. Providing essential Indigenous infrastructure
- 7. Adaptable and secure water supplies

Infrastructure investment <u>and</u> regulatory reform are required to address these priorities.



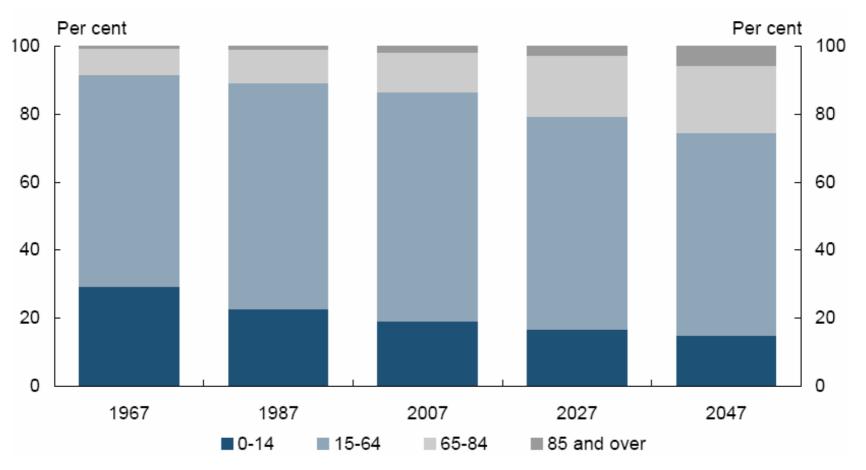
Is decentralisation the answer?

- Perhaps. However, it would require a fundamental change in our approach to planning.
- The track record, both in Australia and overseas, is not encouraging.
- Can we, as a nation, sustain the commitment not just for 5-10 years, but for 50-100 years?
- Even then, will it work? Will people and businesses make the move?

Planning and protecting infrastructure corridors will be vital

- As a nation, we can dramatically improve the identification, protection and acquisition of corridors for new infrastructure.
- Particularly relevant to:
 - Areas around the edges of cities;
 - Rural areas connecting renewable energy sources to end markets.
- Need to make greater use of shared corridors.

An ageing population will present additional challenges, in rural areas especially



Source: Treasury (2007) Intergenerational Report 2, p.16

Local Government's contribution

- Local Government will play a key role in brokering:
 - Local land use changes;
 - Changes in local infrastructure and services;
 - Balancing the need to present local views to other Governments <u>and</u> contribute to explaining the need for change in the face of the challenges mentioned earlier.
- It will need to work collaboratively with State/Territory Governments and the Australian Government.
- What will the 'compact' between government, the community and business look like?